From: POULSEN Mike

To: <u>Burt Shephard/R10/USEPA/US@EPA</u>
Cc: <u>Eric Blischke/R10/USEPA/US@EPA</u>

Subject: RE: Risk Parameter Table and Upstream Chemical Concentrations - 3rd time is the charm

Date: 02/12/2007 03:02 PM

Burt -

At the data retreat, I suggested that we look at the upper percentile of the upstream data, not an upper confidence limit on the arithmetic mean of the upstream data. No need to bring in the standard error. I took this suggestion from the approach used by Washington DOE. My understanding is that DOE looks at the upper 90th percentile of background data. A UCL on the arithmetic mean of site data can then be compared with the upper percentile of background data to determine if the site is above background. DOE has other tests, including tolerance limits, but they are for complying with other DOE requirements (e.g., a 95% confidence interval around the 90th percentile), and I don't think we need to go there right now.

Eric took a quick look at the PH upstream data by calculating the 95th percentile assuming a normal distribution. This is roughly the mean plus 2 SDs. I agree with Eric that this is an OK first cut. Chris refined the calculation a bit using the actual number of data points, and got essentially the same result. I haven't even looked to see if the data are normally distributed. We can use a non-parametric estimation of the upper percentile if we need to. At some point, I'm sure we'll want to dig deeper into the evaluation of upstream data and refine our calculations. Perhaps this can be a future TCT topic. I'm not sure how much additional effort we need right now.

Mike

From: Shephard.Burt@epamail.epa.gov
[mailto:Shephard.Burt@epamail.epa.gov]
Sent: Monday, February 12, 2007 12:42 PM
To: Chris Thompson
Cc: ANDERSON Jim M; Aron Borok; audiehuber@ctuir.com;
BBarquin@hk-law.com; Humphrey.Chip@epa.gov; Cinde Donoghue;
csmith@parametrix.com; Black.Curt@epa.gov; Davoli.Dana@epa.gov;
Blischke.Eric@epa.gov; erin m; GAINER Tom;
Grepo-Grove.Gina@epa.gov; (b) (6) ; howp@critfc.org;
jay.field@noaa.gov; jeff.baker@grandronde.org; Jennifer Arthur;
jeremy_buck@fws.gov; Goulet.Joe@epa.gov; Smith.Judy@epa.gov; TOEPEL
Kathryn; Koch.Kristine@epa.gov; Lisa.Bluelake@grandronde.org;
Cora.Lori@epa.gov; Ader.Mark@epa.gov; MCLINCY Matt; Parker Wittman;
PETERSON Jenn L; Pam Bridgen; POULSEN Mike; Fuentes.Rene@epa.gov;
rgensemer@parametrix.com; Robert.Neely@noaa.gov; Ron.Gouguet@noaa.gov;
tomd@ctsi.nsn.us; Valerie Lee
Subject: RE: Risk Parameter Table and Upstream Chemical Concentrations 3rd time is the charm

Chris et al.

Attached is yet another revision of the upstream chemical concentration spreadsheet. I've provided a workaround for a "feature" of Excel that for some reason won't permit accurate estimation of confidence intervals without a little bit of work on formulas in the cells where confidence limits are estimated. I've only revised the data page of the spreadsheet (the upstreamdatasummary tab of the spreadsheet), I haven't done anything to the various graphs

The problem is that Excel does not contain a built in function to calculate standard error (SE), but only has a function to calculate a sample standard deviation. The formula to calculate a 95% upper confidence limit (assuming the data are normally distributed, an assumption that hasn't been tested with the attached data and which adds complexity to the calculation if its needed) is: mean + (t0.05, d.f. x SE). The standard error in Excel has to be calculated as the sample standard deviation divided by the square root of the number of samples. In Excelspeak, that becomes STDEV(datarange) / SQRT(COUNT(datarange)).

This is actually a well known problem with Excel among statisticians, which you can convince yourselves of by entering Microsoft Excel statistical errors into Google sometime. And if any of you were wondering, Excel's CONFIDENCE function doesn't correctly calculate confidence intervals for samples either. CONFIDENCE can work, but only in the rare instances where the true population standard deviation is known.

(See attached file: upstreamdatasummary_revised Take 3.xls)

Best regards,

Burt Shephard Risk Evaluation Unit Office of Environmental Assessment (OEA-095) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 10 1200 6th Avenue Seattle, WA 98101

Telephone: (206) 553-6359

Fax: (206) 553-0119

e-mail: Shephard.Burt@epa.gov

Chris Thompson <chris.thompson@ EILTD.net>

02/09/2007 02:14 DM

Eric Blischke/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Burt Shephard/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Chip Humphrey/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Curt Black/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Davoli/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Dana Davoli/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, GAINER Tom <GAINER.Tom@deq.state.or.us>, Gina -Grove/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, jeff.baker@grandronde.org, Jennifer L Peterson <PETERSON.Jenn@deq.state.or.us>, jeremy_buck@fws.gov, anderson.jim@deq.state.or.us, Joe Goulet/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Judy Smith/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Kathryn.Toepel@state.or.us, Kristine Koch/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, MCCLINCY Matt MCCLINCY Matt «MCCLINCY.Matt@deq.state.or.us>, howp@critfc.org, POULSEN Mike <POULSEN.Mike@deq.state.or.us>, Rene Fuentes/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Robert.Neely@noaa.gov, Sean Sheldrake/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, tomd@ctsi nen per Parker Wittman tomd@ctsi.nsn.us, Parker Wittman
<parker.wittman@EILTD.net>, csmith@parametrix.com,
rgensemer@parametrix.com, rose@yakama.com, erin.madden@gmail.com, Ron.Gouguet@noaa.gov, Cinde Donoghue <cinde.donoghue@EILTD.net> jay.field@noaa.gov, Jennifer Arthur <iennifer.arthur@EILTD.net>, Aron Borok <aron.borok@ELLTD.net>, Arol. Borok <aron.borok@ELLTD.net>, Lori Cora/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Mark Ader/R10/USEPA/US@EPA, Ader/RID/USEPA/USEPA/USEPA, BBarquin@hk-law.com, audiehuber@ctuir.com, Lisa.Bluelake@grandronde.org, Pam Bridgen <pj.bridgen@EILTD.net>, sheila@ridolfi.com

Valerie Lee

(b) (6)

(p) bridgen@EILTD.net>, Pam
Bridgen <pj.bridgen@EILTD.net>, Subject
RE: Risk Parameter Table and
Upstream Chemical Concentrations

Hi Eric et al.,

I attached a slightly revised version of the upstream data summary that Eric sent out earlier this afternoon; as Eric noted, the estimated upper 95% confidence limit in the spreadsheet is an estimation, i.e. not completely accurate. I revised the spreadsheet to incorporate the correct t-values for the corresponding sample size of each analyte, and recalculated the upper 95% confidence limit of the individual data values presented in the spreadsheet. Except for chlordane (sample size = 3), the correction caused only minor increases in the 95% estimate because most sample sizes were about 30 (20-39).

Cheers,

Chris

Chris Thompson, Ph.D. Environment International, Ltd. 5505 34th Ave NE Seattle, WA 98105 (206) 525-3362 (206) 525-0869 (fax) THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS E-MAIL MESSAGE IS LEGALLY PRIVILEGED AND CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION INTENDED SOLELY FOR THE USE OF THE PERSONS OR ENTITIES NAMED ABOVE. IF YOU ARE NOT SUCH PERSONS OR ENTITIES, YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT ANY DISTRIBUTION, DISSEMINATION OR REPRODUCTION OF THIS E-MAIL MESSAGE IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED. IF YOU HAVE RECEIVED THIS MESSAGE IN ERROR, PLEASE IMMEDIATELY CALL US AT 206-525-3362.

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----Original Message---From: Blischke.Eric@epamail.epa.gov
[mailto:Blischke.Eric@epamail.epa.gov]
Sent: Friday, February 09, 2007 1:01 PM
To: Shephard.Burt@epamail.epa.gov; Humphrey.Chip@epamail.epa.gov;
Black.Curt@epamail.epa.gov; Davoli.Dana@epamail.epa.gov; GAINER Tom;
Grepo-Grove.Gina@epamail.epa.gov; jeff.baker@grandronde.org; Jennifer L
Peterson; jeremy_buck@fws.gov; anderson.jim@deq.state.or.us;
Goulet.Joe@epamail.epa.gov; Smith.Judy@epamail.epa.gov;
Kathryn.Toepel@state.or.us; Koch.Kristine@epamail.epa.gov; MCCLINCY
Matt; howp@critfc.org; POULSEN Mike; Fuentes.Rene@epamail.epa.gov;
Robert.Neely@noaa.gov; Sheldrake.Sean@epamail.epa.gov; tomd@ctsi.nsn.us;
Parker Wittman; csmith@parametrix.com; rgensemer@parametrix.com;
rose@yakama.com; erin.madden@gmail.com; Ron.Gouguet@noaa.gov; Cinde
Donoghue; jay.field@noaa.gov; Jennifer Arthur; Chris Thompson; Aron
Borok; Cora.Lori@epamail.epa.gov; Ader.Mark@epamail.epa.gov;
BBarquin@hk-law.com; audiehuber@ctuir.com; Lisa.Bluelake@grandronde.org;
Pam Bridgen; sheila@ridolfi.com
Subject: Risk Parameter Table and Upstream Chemical Concentrations

Attached are a couple of spreadsheets that were discussed at the data retreat.

The first is the risk parameter table. This table includes all the screening values used in the presentations. Sources of information are provided in the notes sections. The correct TEC value for chlordane has been inserted (the previous number was the NOAA PEL).

The second is a summary of upstream data for selected chemicals. This data was extracted from QM. Only data from between Ross Island and Willamette Falls are included. Some charts are also included which present the minimum, mean, maximum and an estimate of the 95% of the distribution. The 95% distribution was estimated through the following calculation: mean + 2(standard deviation). While this estimate is not statistically rigorous, it does provide some information.

If you have any questions, please let me know and I will try to answer them.

Thanks, Eric

(See attached file: RiskParameters020907.xls)(See attached file: upstreamdatasummary.xls)
[attachment "upstreamdatasummary_revised.xls" deleted by Burt Shephard/R10/USEPA/US]